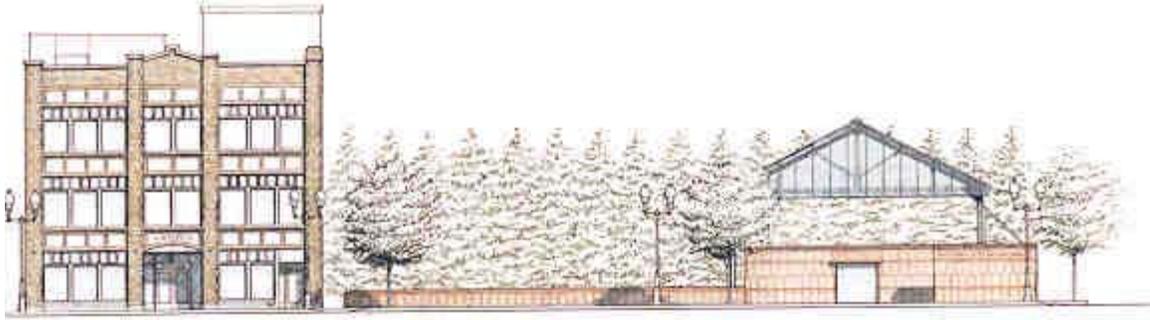




Guide to the Wesleyan Chapel Block Complex



The Park

The beginning of the 19th Century women's rights movement and its founders are the focus of Women's Rights National Historical Park. Legislation establishing the park was signed on December 28, 1980. The park is located in Seneca Falls and Waterloo, New York. The Elizabeth Cady Stanton House is located at 32 Washington Street and is open to the public by a guided tour. The M'Clintok House, located at 14 East Williams Street in Waterloo, has recently been restored to its 1848 appearance and is self-guided. The Hunt House in Waterloo is not open to the public at this time.

Park Administration

The Park is administered by the National Park Service, U.S. Department of the Interior. The Superintendent, whose address is 136 Fall Street, Seneca Falls, New York 13148, is in

immediate charge. Write or call 315-568-2991 for further information. The park's fax number is 315-568-2141

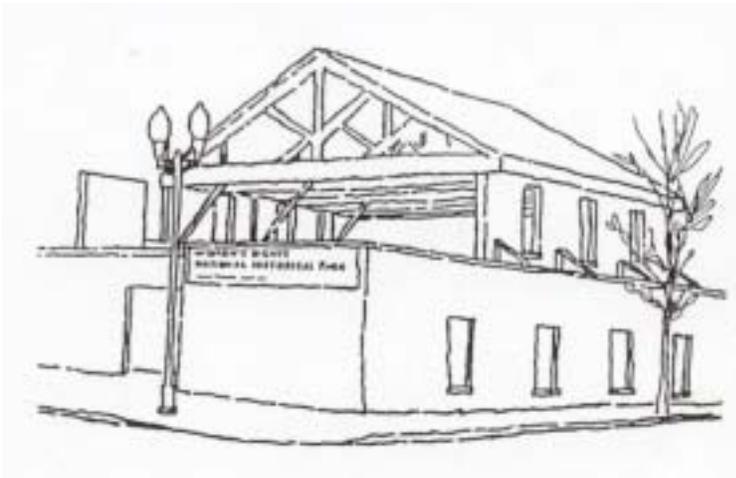
Your Visit

Admission to the park is free of charge. Your visit to the Women's Rights National Historical Park should begin in the Guntzel Theater located on the first floor of the Visitor's Center where the introductory 25-minute movie "Dreams of Equality" will be shown. Find out about the First Women's Rights Convention and the history of the women's rights

movement through interactive exhibits and ranger programs.

Visit the Wesleyan Chapel, the site where the convention was held, and read the Declaration of Sentiments engraved on the water wall next to the Visitor Center in Declaration Park.

The Wesleyan Chapel

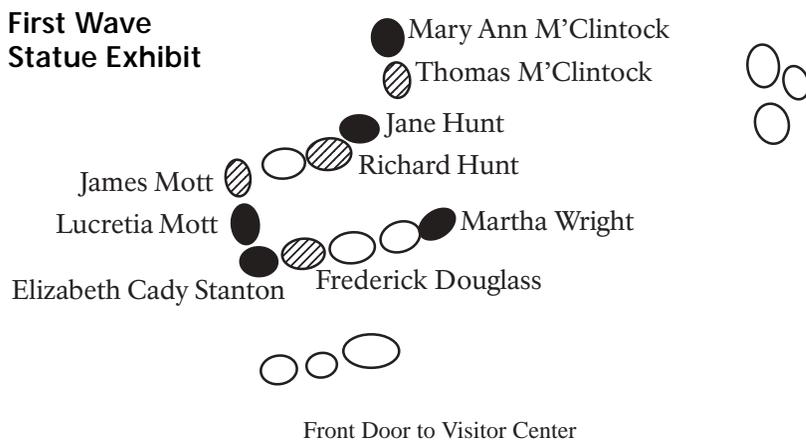


The Wesleyan Chapel

The Wesleyan Chapel is sometimes called the "Great Lighthouse" because it hosted the First Women's Rights Convention and other reform gatherings in the 1800's. It has been altered by time and neglect. What remains has been enclosed by a protective wall. You can clearly differentiate between old historic fabric and new stabilizing brick. The space is open to the public. You are encouraged to enter and view the Chapel. Please do not lean against the walls or climb on and sit in the windows; the bricks are very soft and may be damaged.

A small lawn, Declaration Park, separates the chapel from a commemorative water wall on which the Declaration of Sentiments of 1848 and the names of the 100 women and men who signed that critical document are inscribed.

First Wave Statue Exhibit

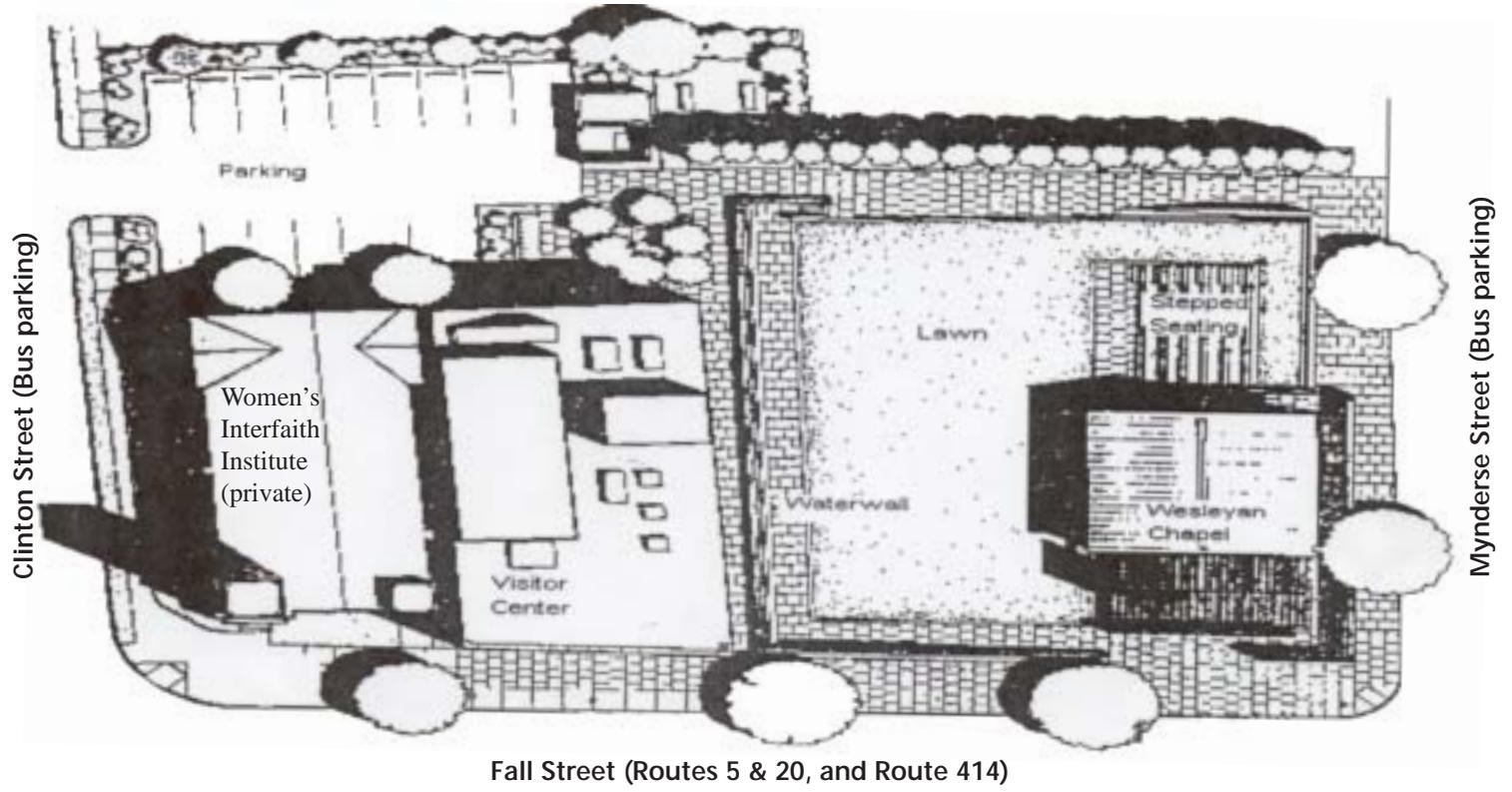


The statues of Elizabeth Cady Stanton and Fredrick Douglass face the main entrance to the Visitor's Center.

Represented are the five women who organized the First Women's Rights Convention and the men who supported them.

| Legend | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|
| ● | = Organizer of the Convention |
| ▨ | = Men who supported the Organizers |
| ○ | = Unidentified Convention Attendees |

Wesleyan Chapel Block Complex



Fall Street (Routes 5 & 20, and Route 414)

Museum Guide

Look for the Reddish Orange panels which begin each section of the exhibit with a quote from the Declaration of Sentiments.

